

How to Build a Glossary from Business Process Model?

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Sometimes, when one tries to comprehend a business or a system by studying the related business process models, he/she may have trouble understanding part(s) of the model because some of the element names or documentations are not very clear. This is usually not a language skill issue, but rather one about not knowing the meaning of certain words or phrases specific to the system domain. For example, if you read a <u>BPMN lane</u> called Customer, would you know whether it means someone who has been paid (e.g. a refund), or someone who is required to pay, or just someone who might purchase something but possibly end up not buying in the end? Incorrect interpretation may lead to misunderstanding and developing a system that does not meet customer expectations. In order to ensure readers can fully understand a model, it would be useful to prepare some sort of <u>glossary</u> to collect and define key terms or key phrases in models.

Why Glossary?

<u>Visual Paradigm</u>'s glossary feature lets you create and maintain a set of domain specific terms used in your model. It establishes a common protocol in language use for readers to understand a model by providing descriptions to key terms and phrases, explaining detailed concepts, describing abbreviation, etc. It also helps modelers on the same team establish and maintain a unified glossary when creating different kinds of models for any parts of a business/system.

Why Identify Glossary Terms Directly from Business Process Model?

We know that the responsibility of a business process model is to describe a business process from business perspective. For this reason, it would be a good place to identify key terms that are relevant and important to the business. Therefore, we will focus mainly on identifying glossary terms from <u>BPD</u>, even though the same technique can be applied to any kinds of models.

Best Practices of Defining Terms

The way how terms are defined does affect how well readers understand the idea you want to express through modeling. In this section, we are going to provide you with some guidelines on how to define terms in descriptive and meaningful manner.

Be Descriptive

Never try to describe a phrase just by adding a few more words to itself. This won't help readers in understanding what a phrase/term means exactly. Try to give it solid information that is relevant to the business domain. Ultimately, readers should be benefitted by reading the definition.

Term Bad Definition	Good Definition
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Place Order	Place an order	The process of submitting a purchase order by customer via the online shop. An order contains information of the product to purchase, the quantity and the price.
Deliver Goods	Deliver goods to user	Ship the items customer purchased through local courier service.

Never Describe a Phrase by Reversing the Order of Words

Do not just describe a phrase by reversing the order of words. This does not give too much meaning to the phrase.

Term	Bad Definition	Good Definition
Customer Service Assistant	The assistant for customer services	The person who provides customer with different kinds of support (e.g. online live chatting, telephone conversation)
System Inspector	Inspector of System	The person who performs a series of planned testing to check for system defects.

Avoid Describing a Term by Just the Term Itself

Readers look up the definition of a term because he/she doesn't know what it means. If we reuse that same term in the definition, this would probably not be very helpful in clarifying things.

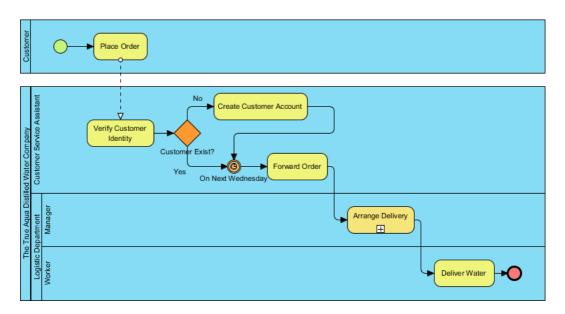
Term	Bad Definition	Good Definition
Order	An order submitted by customer	A document that lists the products to purchase, the quantity, the price and the terms.
Custom	erA customer of the shop	The person who has purchased a product and settled the payment.

Identify Glossary Terms from BPD in Visual Paradigm

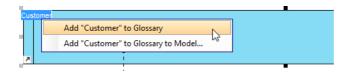
Identify Terms from BPD

- 1. Download <u>The True Aqua Distilled Water Company.vpp</u>. You can also find this file at the bottom of this tutorial, under the **Resources** section.
- 2. Open the downloaded project file in Visual Paradigm. You can open a project by selecting **Project > Open** from the application toolbar.

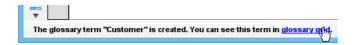
3. Open the BPD *Distilled Water Ordering Process*. Let's identify words or phrases in the diagram to become glossary terms.



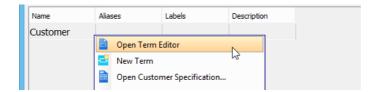
4. The pool at the very top of the diagram is named *Customer*. As mentioned before, readers may not know whether customer here stands for a registered user or anyone who wants to order distilled water. Let's define *Customer* and make it a glossary term. Double click on the pool. Right-click on the word *Customer* and select Add "Customer" to Glossary from the popup menu.



5. You should see a message appears on the status bar, telling you that the term *Customer* has been added into the glossary grid. Click on the link of glossary grid to go there. If you have missed that, do not worry. You can open the glossary grid by selecting **Modeling > Glossary > Glossary Grid** from the application toolbar.



6. Glossary grid is where glossary terms are listed. You can check the terms and their definitions in the grid. You can also create and manage terms via the related function buttons on the toolbar at the top of the glossary grid. Now, describe the term *Customer*. Right-click on the term and select **Open Term Editor** from the popup menu.



7. Enter the definition of term in the **Definition** field: *The person wanting to purchase distilled water, either as a first-time buyer or someone who has purchased before.*



8. We can use different texts (via aliases) to refer to the same term. This helps to avoid redundancy in creating multiple terms carrying the same meaning. Let's say some of the end users may call a customer a "buyer". Let's add an alias called "buyer". Click **Add** on the right in the **Aliases** section (which is located at the top of the term editor).

Term:	Customer	Edit
Aliases:		Add Edit
		Delete

9. Enter *Buyer* in the input window and confirm. *Buyer* is now an alias of the term *Customer*.

Term: Customer	Edit
Aliases: Buyer	Add
	Edit
	Delete

10. Go back to the glossary grid by selecting **Modeling > Glossary > Glossary Grid** from the application toolbar. You can see the alias and description (i.e. definition) as well.

11. Now, let's add a label for the term. Right-click on the term *Customer* in the grid and select **Open Customer Specification...** from the popup menu.

Name	Aliases	Labels	Description
Customer	Buver Open Term E	ditor	The person wanting to purchase distilled wat
	Open Custon Select in Tree	ner Specification	. _{Ls}

12. To add a label, click the plus button next to the **Label** field.

Name	
Buyer	
	~
	~
Edit Other Forms	Add Remove

13. In the Add Label window, click New Label... at bottom left. In the popup window, enter the name of the label: *Human Participant*. Click OK to confirm.

\$		Add Label	×
All		Selected	
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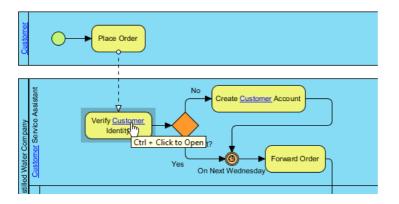
14. Click **OK** in the **Add Label** window. The label is added to the term.

Name	
Buyer	
	*
	•
Edit Other Forms	Add Remove

15. Click **OK** in the **Term Specification** window to return to the glossary grid. You can see the label in the grid, too.

	lame Aliases	Labels	Description
Customer Buyer Human Participant The person wanting to purchase distilled wat.	ustomer Buyer	Human Participant	The person wanting to purchase distilled wat

16. Now, go back to the BPD. You can see the word *Customer* highlighted across the diagram. When a reader wants to know what *customer* means, he can open the definition from the term. Let's try. Move the mouse pointer to any *Customer* shown in the diagram. Press the **<Ctrl>** key and click on the word. This opens the glossary grid with the term *Customer* highlighted.



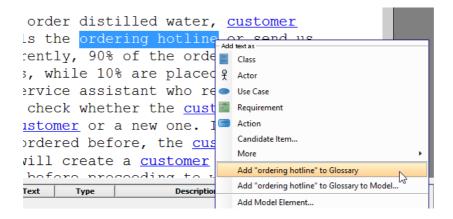
Identify Terms via Textual Analysis

Besides identifying terms from BPD or creating terms directly in the glossary grid, you can also identify terms via <u>textual analysis</u>. This helps you seek business terms that need to be explained from any documents collected from end users.

 Open *Textual Analysis1* in the same project. You can find and open a diagram in **Project** Browser by selecting View > Project Browser from the application toolbar.

> To order distilled water, <u>customer</u> either calls the ordering hotline or send us Email. Currently, 90% of the orders come from phone calls, while 10% are placed by Email. The <u>customer</u> service assistant who receives the order will check whether the <u>customer</u> is an existing <u>customer</u> or a new one. If the <u>customer</u> has never ordered before, the <u>customer</u> service assistant will create a <u>customer</u> account for

2. Let's say the text *ordering hotline* is worth explaining. Select it. Right-click on the selection and select **Add "ordering hotline" to Glossary**.



3. You can then find the term *ordering hotline* in glossary grid.

Name	Aliases	Labels	Description
Customer	Buyer	Human Participant	The person wanting to purchase distilled wat
ordering hotline			

4. Let's identify the following terms from textual analysis.

Name	Alias	Label	Documentation		
Ordering hotline			Hotline is established for both inquiries and ordering by telephone.		
Email			Customers can send an email to order water or to ask questions about water ordering.		

https://www.visual-paradigm.com/tutorials/build-glossary-from-business-process.jsp

Customer service assistant		Human Participant	The person who receives and processes customers' order requests. He is also responsible for answering user's inquiries.
Logistics Department			A department that is responsible for managing and executing the delivery of distilled water.
delivery	shipment		The process in which workers ship the distilled water to customers. It should be done on every Wednesday.
workers	Sales representative	Human Participant	The people who deliver distilled water to customers. Workers usually work in teams. Each team has about 3 to 4 workers.
schedule			A written notice that shows the details of a delivery, which includes the delivery address, workers in charge and the number of distilled water bottles to deliver.

When you are done adding the glossary terms, the glossary grid should look like this:

Name	Aliases	Labels	Description 🔺
Logistics Department			A department that is responsible for managing an
schedule			A written notice that shows the details of a deliver
Email			Customers can send an email to order water or t
ordering hotline			Hotline is established for both inquiries and orderin
workers	Sales representative	Human Participant	The people who deliver distilled water to customer
Customer	Buyer	Human Participant	The person wanting to purchase distilled water, ei
customer service assistant			The person who receives and processes custome
delivery	shipment		The process in which workers ship the distilled wat

Export Glossary to Excel

The term definitions can help modelers in the same team establish and maintain a common vocabulary set, when modeling and communicating with each other. You can also make use of the Excel export function to produce a soft copy of the glossary and share it with other team members.

- 1. Open the glossary grid.
- 2. Click the **Export to Excel** button from the toolbar within the grid window.



3. In the **Export Excel** window, specify the output path to save the Excel file in.

•	Export to Excel	×
Export to Excel (.xlsx, .xls) file Export selected diagrams or model ele the changes back to Visual Paradigm.	ements to Microsoft Excel file. You may export diagram to Excel file, edit their names and properties in tabular format, and then imp	ort
Output path: C: \Glossary.xlsx Export Style: Diagram per sheet v Export Properties Tagged Values Comments	PM Properties Test Plans Table Records	h Editor

4. Keep the other settings unchanged. Click **Export** at bottom right.

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4	Term	ID	Name	Aliases Labels		Description			
5		3	Logistics Department				ment that is re	•	
6		4	schedule			A written	notice that s	hows the det	ta 2
7		5	Email			Customer	rs can send an	email to ord	1(2
8		6	ordering hotline			Hotline is	s established t	for both inqu	u 2
9		7	workers	Sales representative	Human Participant	The peop	le who delive	er distilled wa	a 2
10		8	Customer	Buyer	Human Participant	The perso	on wanting to	purchase dis	st2
11		9	customer service assistant			The perso	on who receiv	es and proce	<u>1</u> 2
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As a side note, importing changes made in Excel back to the glossary in Visual Paradigm is possible. If needed, readers of the glossary can make changes in Excel. After that, click the import button in the glossary grid (in Visual Paradigm) to import the Excel file back to Visual Paradigm. The import button is just next to the export button.

Resources

1. <u>The True Aqua Distilled Water Company.vpp</u>



Visual Paradigm home page (https://www.visual-paradigm.com/)

Visual Paradigm tutorials (https://www.visual-paradigm.com/tutorials/)